Error Complex verb group Subordinate clause

General Description

Error (16 times)

Singular/plural noun/pronoun form: 8 times (because it's; wear it out; clothes ... it's; designer bags ... on it; for woman; but for woman; a lot of people ... suit; for

woman when they)

Inappropriate verb form: 4 times (capable ... maybe have; you're all dress in; I've

grown ... semi-stepping; it's maintain)

Subject-verb agreement: 2 times (because it's; clothes ... it's)

Redundant pronoun: 1 time Redundant subject: 1 time

Complex verb group (9 times)

Present continuous: 5 times

Passive: 1 time Emphatic 'do': 1 time Present perfect: 1 time

Present perfect passive: 1 time

Subordinate clause (46 times)

Noun clause: 27 times Adverbial clause: 11 times Relative clause: 8 times

niversity of Hong E-Examiner S-Student

E: So we've been talking about the type of clothes you like to wear. And I'd like to ask you a few more general questions related to that. Let's talk about designer clothes. Are designer clothes popular in Hong Kong?

S: I don't think they're popular in Hong Kong compared to designer bags. Yeah,

[SUB-noun clause]

designer clothes are ... they're really rarely seen. Yeah.

[CVG-passive]

E: Why are designer bags popular?

S: I think it's because it's more long-lasting, like you can, you can actually just wear it [SUB-noun clause] [SUB-adverbial clause] [they] ['re] [them]

out a lot more compared to clothes where it's a really seasonal thing. And I think

[SUB-relative clause] [they] ['re]

designer bags are generally more worth it in terms of money when you spend money [SUB-noun clause] [SUB-adverbial clause]

on it. Yeah.

[them]

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S: What motivates them to, you mean what motivates them to buy designer clothes?
                                     [SUB-noun clause]
E: Yes.
S: I think to be able to show to other people that they have the ability to afford
                                             [SUB-noun clause]
them. They're capable that they maybe have a really stable job. They can afford it.
                                     [having]
That really motivates them. I think they also ... in Hong Kong, especially trends ... to
show people that you're on top of a trend or that you have the most ... the latest
             [SUB-noun clause]
                                             [SUB-noun clause]
showpiece that is on, that is on display in a designer store is what motivates them to
           [SUB-relative clause]
                                                            [SUB-noun clause]
buy these designer clothes.
E: So it doesn't really have very much to do with what they actually think of the
clothes themselves?
S: I think it does, but it doesn't really ... it's ... the proportion isn't as ... large or I
think they might like the clothing, but I think they might like the brand more or the
                                             [SUB-noun clause]
      [SUB-noun clause]
feeling that it brings them as opposed to the clothing itself.
[SUB-relative clause]
E: Let's turn now to the kind of clothes people wear to work. Do you think that people
at work make judgments about their colleagues based on the kind of clothes they
wear?
S: If you mean by judging by age, then ... like judging how old they are, they are, then
  [SUB-adverbial clause]
                                                       [SUB-noun clause]
yes. I do feel like in the workplace, how you dress yourself can really reveal the age
[CVG-emphatic 'do'] [SUB-noun clause]
that you are at, but I think it also shows how confident of a person you are, especially
[SUB-relative clause] [SUB-noun clause]
for woman. Obviously, guys ... you're all dress in suits, but for woman if ...
   [women]
                                       [dressed]
                                                               [women]
whether ... how revealing on your dress is or how revealing on your outfit is ... can
           [SUB-noun clause]
                                             [SUB-noun clause]
really show how confident of a person you are and how people can judge by your
                                                    [SUB-noun clause]
            [SUB-noun clause]
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E: For those people who do buy and wear designer clothes – as you suggested it's

expensive, what motivates them to do that?

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outfit in the workplace.
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E: Should people be forced by their employer to wear certain types of clothes to
work?
S: I think it really depends on your ... the nature of your job. I think if you're in, like,
                                     [SUB-noun clause] [SUB-adverbial clause]
        [SUB-noun clause]
a really formal setting, then obviously, there should be requirements, because it's a
                                                            [SUB-adverbial clause]
form of respect that you respect the people you're seeing, you respect the company
[SUB-relative clause] [SUB-noun clause] [CVG-present continuous]
that you're working in. But I feel like if it's not ...
[SUB-relative clause] [CVG-present continuous] [SUB-noun clause]
if you're not going to attend a meeting with a really special person,
[SUB-adverbial clause] [CVG-present continuous]
then by all means you can dress whatever you're comfortable in. Yeah. There
                                 [SUB-noun clause]
shouldn't be a limit to that.
E: So, in Hong Kong, do you think that companies tend to be quite demanding about
what people wear to work?
S: Yeah, I feel like as I've grown older and just kind of semi, semi-stepping into the
   [SUB-noun clause] [SUB-adverbial clause] [CVG-present perfect] [stepped]
job field like in an internship position, I kind of feel pressured to dress like them
because if I dress less formal, then I feel like
[SUB-adverbial clause] [SUB-adverbial clause]
'oh, I'm not respecting the opportunity
[SUB-noun clause] [CVG-present continuous]
that I've been given' or, I feel like just stepping onto the MTR, you see a lot of people
[SUB-relative clause] [CVG-present perfect passive]
just wearing suit and just wearing really formal dresses and you feel like, 'oh, am I
            [suits]
                                                                   [SUB-noun clause]
under dressed?', as ...
E: Is it changing in Hong Kong, the way that people dress for work?
S: I don't think so actually. I think that ... it's maintain a really high standard. You
                                      [SUB-noun clause] [maintained]
never see a person under-dress for work, or maybe ... if the weather is slightly odd,
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[SUB-adverbial clause]

then they may be wearing trainers to commute to work and then changing into, say, dress shoes for woman when they get to work. But no, they're still wearing ... like a [women] [SUB-adverbial clause] [CVG-present continuous] really formal dress, regardless of the weather or whatever.

E: Alright. Thank you very much. That's the end of the test.

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